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2016 MAZDA 5 / Premacy OEM Service and Repair Workshop Manual

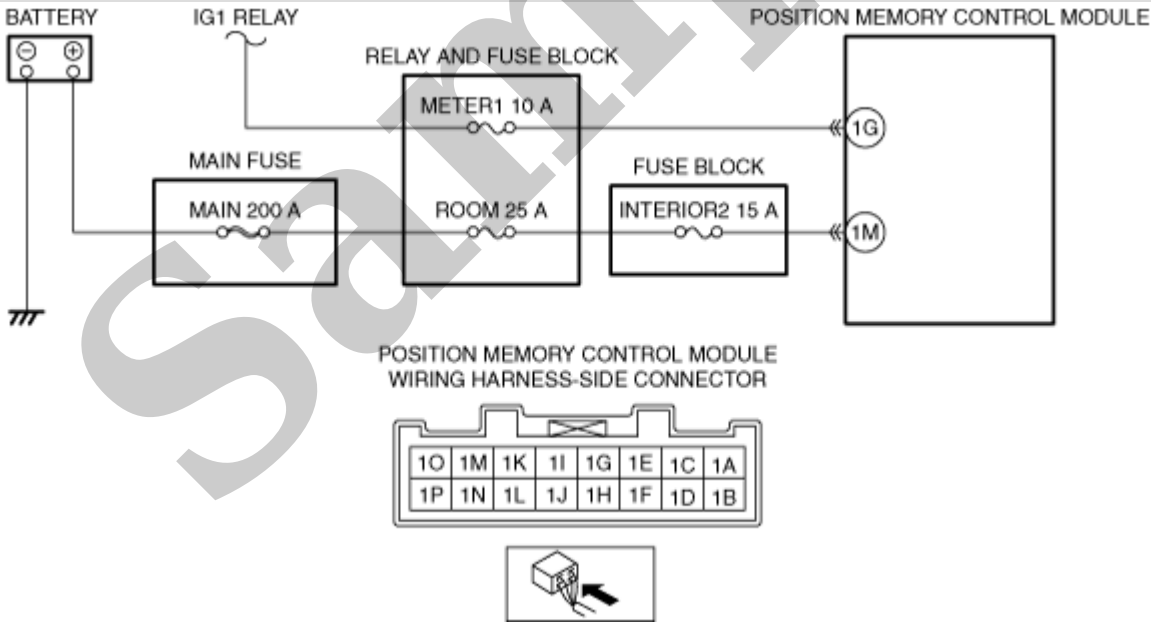
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DTC U3003:16 [POSITION MEMORY CONTROL MODULE]

SM2898906

id0902o796960

Description	Position memory control module (front seat) power supply voltage low input
Detection condition	- Position memory control module (front seat) detects the following conditions: - Position memory control module (front seat) power supply circuit (terminal 1M) voltage of 9 V or less is detected. - Position memory control module (front seat) power supply circuit (terminal 1G) voltage of 6.5 V or more, 9V or less is detected for 10 s or more.
Fail-safe	Not applicable
Possible cause	- DTCs are stored in the PCM. - Battery malfunction - Generator malfunction - Position memory control module (front seat) connector or terminal malfunction - Position memory control module (front seat) power supply circuit (terminals 1G and 1M) malfunction. - IG1 relay–Position memory control module (front seat) terminal 1G - Battery positive terminal–Position memory control module (front seat) terminal 1M - Front seat malfunction - Position memory control module (front seat) malfunction



Diagnostic Procedure

Step	Inspection		Action
7	VERIFY IF OTHER DTCs DISPLAYED • Are any other DTCs displayed?	Yes	Repair or replace the malfunctioning part according to the applicable DTC troubleshooting. (See DTC TABLE [POSITION MEMORY CONTROL MODULE] .)
		No	DTC troubleshooting completed.

Sample

Step	Inspection	Action
3	INSPECT LIFT MOTOR AND POSITION SENSOR CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO GROUND • Verify that the lift motor and position sensor and position memory control module (front seat) connectors are disconnected. • Inspect for continuity between the following terminals (wiring harness-side) and body ground: — Lift motor and position sensor terminal A — Lift motor and position sensor terminal B — Lift motor and position sensor terminal C — Lift motor and position sensor terminal D • Is there continuity?	Refer to the wiring diagram and verify whether or not there is a common connector between the following terminals: • Position memory control module (front seat) terminal 3E–Lift motor and position sensor terminal A • Position memory control module (front seat) terminal 3F–Lift motor and position sensor terminal B • Position memory control module (front seat) terminal 3M–Lift motor and position sensor terminal C • Position memory control module (front seat) terminal 3N–Lift motor and position sensor terminal D If there is a common connector: • Determine the malfunctioning part by inspecting the common connector and the terminal for corrosion, damage, or pin disconnection, and the common wiring harness for a short to ground. • Repair or replace the malfunctioning part. If there is no common connector: • Repair or replace the wiring harness which has a short to ground. Go to Step 9.
		No Go to the next step.
		Yes Go to the next step.
4	INSPECT LIFT MOTOR AND POSITION SENSOR CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO POWER SUPPLY • Verify that the lift motor and position sensor and position memory control module (front seat) connectors are disconnected. • Connect the negative battery terminal. (See NEGATIVE BATTERY TERMINAL DISCONNECTION/CONNECTION.) • Switch the ignition ON (engine off or on). • Measure the voltage at the following terminals (wiring harness-side): — Lift motor and position sensor terminal A — Lift motor and position sensor terminal B — Lift motor and position sensor terminal C — Lift motor and position sensor terminal D • Is the voltage 0 V?	Refer to the wiring diagram and verify whether or not there is a common connector between the following terminals: • Position memory control module (front seat) terminal 3E–Lift motor and position sensor terminal A • Position memory control module (front seat) terminal 3F–Lift motor and position sensor terminal B • Position memory control module (front seat) terminal 3M–Lift motor and position sensor terminal C • Position memory control module (front seat) terminal 3N–Lift motor and position sensor terminal D If there is a common connector: • Determine the malfunctioning part by inspecting the common connector and the terminal for corrosion, damage, or pin disconnection, and the common wiring harness for a short to power supply. • Repair or replace the malfunctioning part. If there is no common connector: • Repair or replace the wiring harness which has a short to power supply. Go to Step 9.
		No Go to the next step.

DTC B1B89:13 [POSITION MEMORY CONTROL MODULE]

SM2898908

id0902o799860

Description	Slide motor and position sensor circuit malfunction
Detection condition	• Position memory control module (front seat) detects the following conditions during the slide motor operation control: — Detects 4 times that current flowing to the slide motor is less than 1 A. — Detects for 0.2 s that there is no change in the slide sensor pulse. • Position memory control module (front seat) detects any of the following conditions during the slide motor not operation control: — Detects 4 times that current flowing to the slide motor exceeds 10 A. — Detects 4 times that current flowing to the slide motor exceeds 1 A and a change in the slide sensor pulse 5 times within 1 s. • Position memory control module (front seat) detects for 5 s that there is no change in the slide sensor pulse during the slide motor operation control.
Fail-safe	• Memory clearing: — If there is a malfunction in the slide position sensor, clear all the memory positions. • Memory seat positioning using position memory switch and remote transmitter: — If there is a malfunction in the slide position sensor, inhibits all memory seat positioning. — If there is a malfunction in the slide motor, inhibits slide motor seat positioning. • Slide motor seat positioning using power seat switch: — If there is a malfunction in the slide motor, inhibits slide motor seat positioning. • Memory registration using position memory switch and remote transmitter: — If there is a malfunction in the slide position sensor, inhibits the memory registration. — If there is a malfunction in the slide motor and the malfunction is caused by short circuit, inhibits the memory registration.
Possible cause	• Slide motor and position sensor connector or terminal malfunction • Position memory control module (front seat) connector or terminal malfunction • Short to ground in wiring harness between the following terminals: — Position memory control module (front seat) terminal 3A–Slide motor and position sensor terminal D — Position memory control module (front seat) terminal 3B–Slide motor and position sensor terminal B — Position memory control module (front seat) terminal 3I–Slide motor and position sensor terminal F — Position memory control module (front seat) terminal 3J–Slide motor and position sensor terminal H • Short to power supply in wiring harness between the following terminals: — Position memory control module (front seat) terminal 3A–Slide motor and position sensor terminal D — Position memory control module (front seat) terminal 3B–Slide motor and position sensor terminal B — Position memory control module (front seat) terminal 3I–Slide motor and position sensor terminal F — Position memory control module (front seat) terminal 3J–Slide motor and position sensor terminal H • Open circuit in wiring harness between the following terminals: — Position memory control module (front seat) terminal 3A–Slide motor and position sensor terminal D — Position memory control module (front seat) terminal 3B–Slide motor and position sensor terminal B — Position memory control module (front seat) terminal 3I–Slide motor and position sensor terminal F — Position memory control module (front seat) terminal 3J–Slide motor and position sensor terminal H • Front seat malfunction — Slide motor and position sensor malfunction • Position memory control module (front seat) malfunction

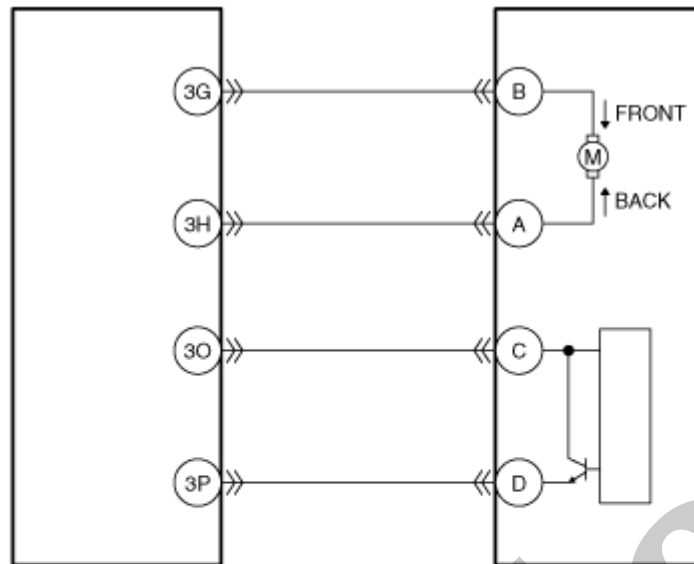
Step	Inspection		Action
5	INSPECT SLIDE MOTOR AND POSITION SENSOR CIRCUIT FOR OPEN CIRCUIT • Switch the ignition off. • Disconnect the negative battery terminal. (See NEGATIVE BATTERY TERMINAL DISCONNECTION/CONNECTION.) • Verify that the slide motor and position sensor and position memory control module (front seat) connectors are disconnected. • Inspect for continuity between the following terminals (wiring harness-side): — Position memory control module (front seat) terminal 3A–Slide motor and position sensor terminal D — Position memory control module (front seat) terminal 3B–Slide motor and position sensor terminal B — Position memory control module (front seat) terminal 3I–Slide motor and position sensor terminal F — Position memory control module (front seat) terminal 3J–Slide motor and position sensor terminal H • Is there continuity?	Yes	Go to the next step.
		No	Refer to the wiring diagram and verify whether or not there is a common connector between the following terminals: • Position memory control module (front seat) terminal 3A–Slide motor and position sensor terminal D • Position memory control module (front seat) terminal 3B–Slide motor and position sensor terminal B • Position memory control module (front seat) terminal 3I–Slide motor and position sensor terminal F • Position memory control module (front seat) terminal 3J–Slide motor and position sensor terminal H If there is a common connector: • Determine the malfunctioning part by inspecting the common connector and the terminal for corrosion, damage, or pin disconnection, and the common wiring harness for an open circuit. • Repair or replace the malfunctioning part. If there is no common connector: • Repair or replace the wiring harness which has an open circuit. Go to Step 9.
6	INSPECT SLIDE MOTOR • Inspect the slide motor. (See SLIDE MOTOR INSPECTION.) • Is the slide motor normal?	Yes	Go to the next step.
		No	Replace the front seat, then go to Step 9. (See FRONT SEAT REMOVAL/INSTALLATION.)
7	INSPECT POSITION MEMORY CONTROL MODULE (FRONT SEAT) • Inspect the position memory control module (front seat). (See POSITION MEMORY CONTROL MODULE INSPECTION.) • Is the position memory control module (front seat) normal?	Yes	Go to the next step.
		No	Replace the position memory control module (front seat), then go to Step 9. (See POSITION MEMORY CONTROL MODULE REMOVAL/INSTALLATION.)
8	VERIFY IF MALFUNCTIONING LOCATION IS SLIDE POSITION SENSOR DEPENDING ON REPEATABILITY • Always reconnect all disconnected connectors. • Connect the negative battery terminal. (See NEGATIVE BATTERY TERMINAL DISCONNECTION/CONNECTION.) • Clear the DTC for the position memory control module (front seat) using the M-MDS. (See CLEARING DTC [POSITION MEMORY CONTROL MODULE].) • Operate the position memory switch to operate the seat position memory system. • Retrieve the position memory control module (front seat) DTCs using the M-MDS. (See DTC INSPECTION [POSITION MEMORY CONTROL MODULE].) • Is the same DTC displayed?	Yes	Replace the front seat, then go to the next step. (See FRONT SEAT REMOVAL/INSTALLATION.)
		No	Go to Step 10.

Description

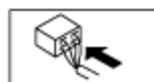
Recliner motor and position sensor circuit malfunction

POSITION MEMORY CONTROL MODULE

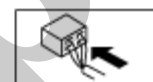
RECLINER MOTOR AND POSITION SENSOR



POSITION MEMORY CONTROL MODULE
WIRING HARNESS-SIDE CONNECTOR



RECLINER MOTOR AND POSITION SENSOR
WIRING HARNESS-SIDE CONNECTOR



Diagnostic Procedure

Step	Inspection		Action
1	INSPECT RECLINER MOTOR AND POSITION SENSOR CONNECTOR • Switch the ignition off. • Disconnect the negative battery terminal. (See NEGATIVE BATTERY TERMINAL DISCONNECTION/CONNECTION.) • Disconnect the recliner motor and position sensor connector. • Inspect the connector engagement and connection condition and inspect the terminals for damage, deformation, corrosion, or disconnection. • Is the connector normal?	Yes	Go to the next step.
		No	Repair or replace the connector, then go to Step 9.
2	INSPECT POSITION MEMORY CONTROL MODULE (FRONT SEAT) CONNECTOR • Disconnect the position memory control module (front seat) connector. • Inspect the connector engagement and connection condition and inspect the terminals for damage, deformation, corrosion, or disconnection. • Is the connector normal?	Yes	Go to the next step.
		No	Repair or replace the connector, then go to Step 9.

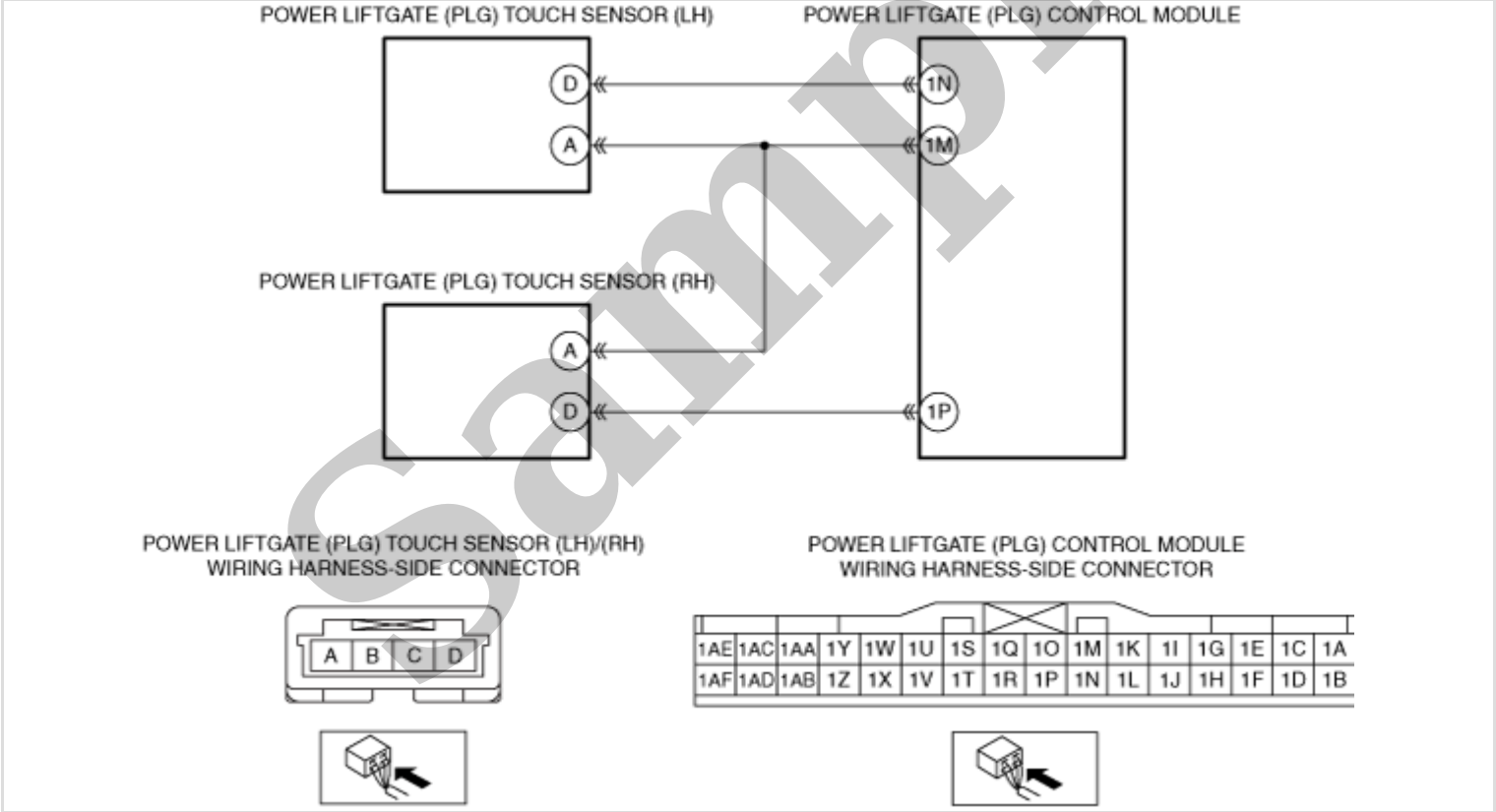
Step	Inspection	Action	
8	VERIFY IF MALFUNCTIONING LOCATION IS RECLINER POSITION SENSOR DEPENDING ON REPEATABILITY • Always reconnect all disconnected connectors. • Connect the negative battery terminal. (See NEGATIVE BATTERY TERMINAL DISCONNECTION/CONNECTION.) • Clear the DTC for the position memory control module (front seat) using the M-MDS. (See CLEARING DTC [POSITION MEMORY CONTROL MODULE].) • Operate the position memory switch to operate the seat position memory system. • Retrieve the position memory control module (front seat) DTCs using the M-MDS. (See DTC INSPECTION [POSITION MEMORY CONTROL MODULE].) • Is the same DTC displayed?	Yes	Replace the front seat, then go to the next step. (See FRONT SEAT REMOVAL/INSTALLATION.)
		No	Go to Step 10.
9	VERIFY THAT REPAIRS HAVE BEEN COMPLETED • Always reconnect all disconnected connectors. • Connect the negative battery terminal. (See NEGATIVE BATTERY TERMINAL DISCONNECTION/CONNECTION.) • Clear the DTC for the position memory control module (front seat) using the M-MDS. (See CLEARING DTC [POSITION MEMORY CONTROL MODULE].) • Operate the position memory switch to operate the seat position memory system. • Retrieve the position memory control module (front seat) DTCs using the M-MDS. (See DTC INSPECTION [POSITION MEMORY CONTROL MODULE].) • Is the same DTC displayed?	Yes	Repeat the inspection from Step 1. • If the malfunction recurs, replace the position memory control module (front seat). (See POSITION MEMORY CONTROL MODULE REMOVAL/INSTALLATION.) Go to the next step.
		No	Go to the next step.
10	VERIFY IF OTHER DTCs DISPLAYED • Are any other DTCs displayed?	Yes	Repair or replace the malfunctioning part according to the applicable DTC troubleshooting. (See DTC TABLE [POSITION MEMORY CONTROL MODULE].)
		No	DTC troubleshooting completed.

DTC B1308:11 [POWER LIFTGATE (PLG) CONTROL MODULE]

SM2898914

id0902o804740

Description	Touch sensor circuit malfunction
Detection condition	• The power liftgate (PLG) control module detects a short to ground in the touch sensor circuit for 5 min more
Fail-safe	• Stops the power liftgate (PLG) system operation.
Possible cause	• Power liftgate (PLG) touch sensor (LH) connector or terminal malfunction • Power liftgate (PLG) touch sensor (RH) connector or terminal malfunction • Power liftgate (PLG) control module connector or terminal malfunction • Short to ground in wiring harness between the following terminals: — Power liftgate (PLG) touch sensor (LH) terminal D—Power liftgate (PLG) control module terminal 1N — Power liftgate (PLG) touch sensor (RH) terminal D—Power liftgate (PLG) control module terminal 1P • Power liftgate (PLG) touch sensor (LH) malfunction • Power liftgate (PLG) touch sensor (RH) malfunction • Power liftgate (PLG) control module malfunction



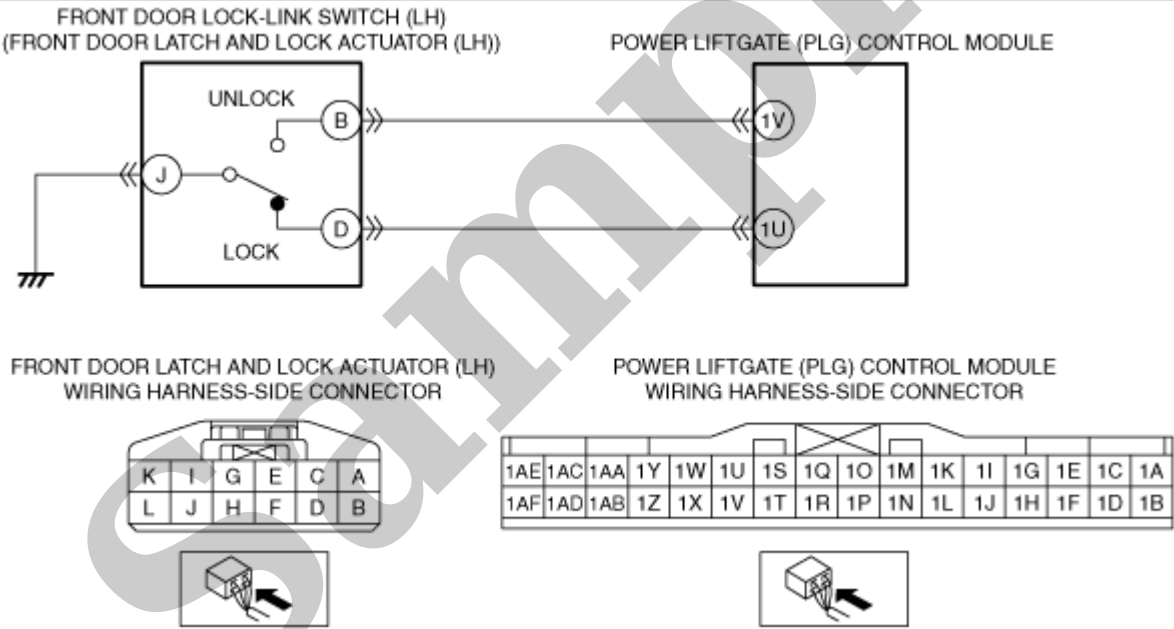
Diagnostic Procedure

DTC B126A:62 [POWER LIFTGATE (PLG) CONTROL MODULE]

SM2898912

id0902o804720

Description	Front door lock-link switch (LH) circuit malfunction
Detection condition	• Power liftgate (PLG) control module detects an open circuit in the door lock-link switch (LH) circuit for 1 s or more.
Fail-safe	• Stops the power liftgate (PLG) system operation.
Possible cause	• Front door latch and lock actuator (LH) connector or terminal malfunction • Open circuit in wiring harness between front door latch and lock actuator (LH) terminal J and body ground • Front door lock-link switch (LH) malfunction • Power liftgate (PLG) control module connector or terminal malfunction • Open circuit in wiring harness between the following terminals: — Front door latch and lock actuator (LH) terminal D—Power liftgate (PLG) control module terminal 1U — Front door latch and lock actuator (LH) terminal B—Power liftgate (PLG) control module terminal 1V • Power liftgate (PLG) control module malfunction



Diagnostic Procedure