

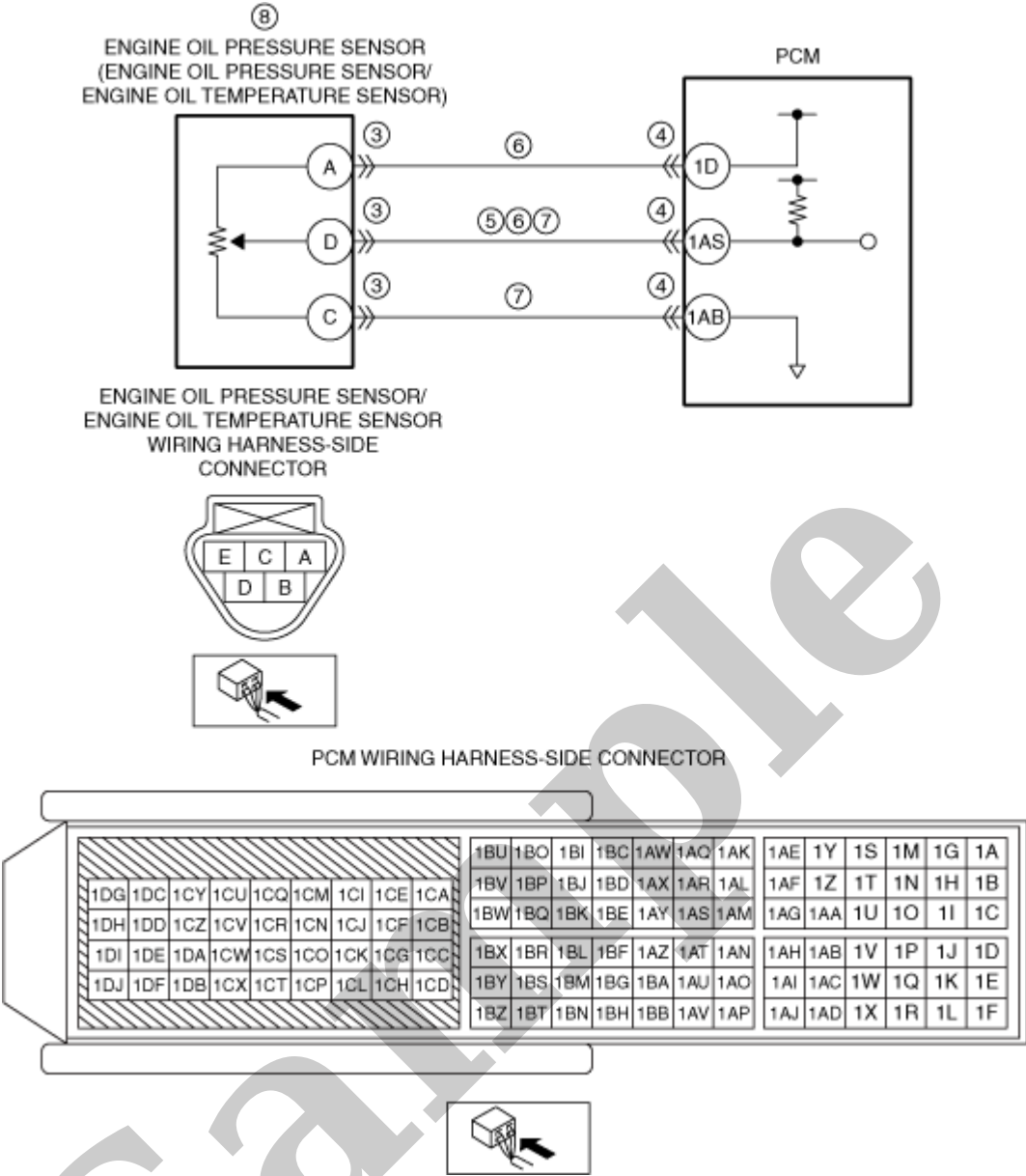
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1997 MAZDA MX-3 OEM Service and Repair Workshop Manual

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STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
3	INSPECT ENGINE OIL PRESSURE SENSOR/ENGINE OIL TEMPERATURE SENSOR CONNECTOR CONDITION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Switch the ignition off. • Disconnect the engine oil pressure sensor/engine oil temperature sensor connector. • Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/pulled-out pins, corrosion). • Is there any malfunction? 	Yes	Repair or replace the connector and/or terminals, then go to Step 9.
		No	Go to the next step.
4	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR CONDITION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Disconnect the PCM connector. • Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/pulled-out pins, corrosion). • Is there any malfunction? 	Yes	Repair or replace the connector and/or terminals, then go to Step 9.
		No	Go to the next step.
5	INSPECT ENGINE OIL PRESSURE SENSOR CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO GROUND <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Verify that the engine oil pressure sensor/engine oil temperature sensor and PCM connectors are disconnected. • Inspect for continuity between the following terminals (wiring harness-side) and body ground: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Engine oil pressure sensor/engine oil temperature sensor terminal A — Engine oil pressure sensor/engine oil temperature sensor terminal D • Is there continuity? 	Yes	Refer to the wiring diagram and verify whether or not there is a common connector between the following terminals: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Engine oil pressure sensor/engine oil temperature sensor terminal A–PCM terminal 1D • Engine oil pressure sensor/engine oil temperature sensor terminal D–PCM terminal 1AS If there is a common connector: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Determine the malfunctioning part by inspecting the common connector and the terminal for corrosion, damage, or pin disconnection, and the common wiring harness for a short to ground. • Repair or replace the malfunctioning part. If there is no common connector: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Repair or replace the wiring harness which has a short to ground. Go to Step 9.
		No	Go to the next step.
6	INSPECT ENGINE OIL PRESSURE SENSOR SIGNAL CIRCUIT AND GROUND CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO EACH OTHER <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Verify that the engine oil pressure sensor/engine oil temperature sensor and PCM connectors are disconnected. • Inspect for continuity between engine oil pressure sensor/engine oil temperature sensor terminals D and C (wiring harness-side). • Is there continuity? 	Yes	Refer to the wiring diagram and verify whether or not there is a common connector between the following terminals: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Engine oil pressure sensor/engine oil temperature sensor terminal D–PCM terminal 1AS • Engine oil pressure sensor/engine oil temperature sensor terminal C–PCM terminal 1AB If there is a common connector: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Determine the malfunctioning part by inspecting the common connector and the terminal for corrosion, damage, or pin disconnection, and the common wiring harness for a short to each other. • Repair or replace the malfunctioning part. If there is no common connector: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Repair or replace the wiring harness which has a short to each other. Go to Step 9.
		No	Go to the next step.



Diagnostic Procedure

STEP	INSPECTION	ACTION
1	<p>RECORD VEHICLE STATUS AT TIME OF DTC DETECTION TO UTILIZE WITH REPEATABILITY VERIFICATION</p> <p>Note</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">Recording can be facilitated using the screen capture function of the PC.Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA/snapshot data on the repair order.	<p>Go to the next step.</p>

DTC P3498:00, P349B:00 [PCM (SKYACTIV-G 2.5 (WITH CYLINDER DEACTIVATION))]

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Note

- To determine the malfunctioning part, proceed with the diagnostics from “Function Inspection Using M-MDS”.

Details On DTCs

DESCRIPTION	Cylinder deactivation control system <ul style="list-style-type: none">• P3498:00: No.1 cylinder valve is stuck closed• P349B:00: No.4 cylinder valve is stuck closed	
DETECTION CONDITION	Determination conditions	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The crankshaft fluctuation rate exceeds the specified value for every 200 rotations of the crankshaft after recovery from cylinder deactivation control.
	Preconditions	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Battery voltage: 9–18 V ^{*1}• Engine speed: 500–6,500 rpm ^{*1}• Engine coolant temperature: 20 °C {68 °F} or more ^{*1}• Fuel-cut control not implemented• Crankshaft installation tolerance learning completed• Engine condition is stabilized (not directly after gear change) <p>^{*1}: Standard can be verified by displaying PIDs using the M-MDS</p>
	Malfunction determination period	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 200 rotations of crankshaft (misfire which may damage catalytic converter)
	Drive cycle	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 1
	Self test type	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• CMDTC self test
	Sensor used	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• CKP sensor• MAF sensor• MAP sensor
FAIL-SAFE FUNCTION	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Limits intake air amount• Implement fuel-cut control (If cylinder is filled with fuel when valve is stuck closed, fuel-cut on No.1 or 4 cylinder is performed because engine could be damaged at compression stroke).	
VEHICLE STATUS WHEN DTCs ARE OUTPUT	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Possibility of engine damage occurring.<ul style="list-style-type: none">— Check engine light turns on— Pending code is recorded— Illuminates master warning light. (Without multi-information display)— The master warning indication is displayed on the multi-information display. (With multi-information display)• Rough idling, poor acceleration, stalling	

STEP	INSPECTION	RESULTS	ACTION
1	PURPOSE: VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Verify related Service Bulletins and/or on-line repair information availability. • Is any related repair information available? 	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available repair information. • If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
		No	Go to the next step.
2	PURPOSE: IDENTIFY TRIGGER DTC FOR FREEZE FRAME DATA <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Is the DTC P3498:00 or P349B:00 on FREEZE FRAME DATA? 	Yes	Go to the next step.
		No	Go to the troubleshooting procedure for DTC on FREEZE FRAME DATA. (See DTC TABLE [PCM (SKYACTIV-G 2.5 (WITH CYLINDER DEACTIVATION))] .)
3	PURPOSE: RECORD FREEZE FRAME DATA/SNAPSHOT DATA AND DIAGNOSTIC MONITORING TEST RESULTS TO UTILIZE WITH REPEATABILITY VERIFICATION Note <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Recording can be facilitated using the screen capture function of the PC. • Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA/snapshot data and DIAGNOSTIC MONITORING TEST RESULTS (misfire related) on the repair order. 	–	Go to the next step.
4	PURPOSE: VERIFY RELATED PENDING CODE AND/OR DTC <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Switch the ignition off, then ON (engine off). • Perform the Pending Trouble Code Access Procedure and DTC Reading Procedure. (See ON-BOARD DIAGNOSTIC TEST [PCM (SKYACTIV-G 2.5 (WITH CYLINDER DEACTIVATION))].) • Are any other PENDING CODEs and/or DTCs present? 	Yes	Go to the applicable PENDING CODE or DTC inspection. (See DTC TABLE [PCM (SKYACTIV-G 2.5 (WITH CYLINDER DEACTIVATION))] .)
		No	Go to the next step.
5	PURPOSE: VERIFY IF THERE IS PID ITEM CAUSING DRASTIC CHANGES OF ACCELERATION FLUCTUATION BY INPUT SIGNAL TO PCM <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Start the engine. • Access the following PIDs using the M-MDS: (See ON-BOARD DIAGNOSTIC TEST [PCM (SKYACTIV-G 2.5 (WITH CYLINDER DEACTIVATION))].) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — APP1 — APP2 — ECT — IAT — MAF — MAP — MAP_V — RPM — TP_REL — VSS • Is there a PID item affected by acceleration fluctuation? 	Yes	Inspect the suspected sensor and related wiring harness. • If there is any malfunction: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Repair or replace the malfunctioning part. — Go to Troubleshooting Diagnostic Procedure to perform the procedure from Step 10. • If there is no malfunction: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Go to the next step.
		No	Go to the next step.

Troubleshooting Diagnostic Procedure

Intention of troubleshooting procedure

- Step 1–2
 - Perform an ignition system parts inspection.
- Step 3–4

STEP	INSPECTION	RESULTS	ACTION
14	PURPOSE: INSPECT FOR MALFUNCTION DUE TO INTERNAL ENGINE WEAR, DAMAGE • Inspect for the following engine internal parts: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Cylinder — Piston ring — Intake valve — Exhaust valve — Such as cylinder head gasket • Are all items normal?	Yes	Engine internal parts are normal. • Go to the next step.
		No	Repair or replace the malfunctioning part according to the inspection results, then go to the next step.
15	PURPOSE: VERIFICATION OF VEHICLE REPAIR COMPLETION • Always reconnect all disconnected connectors. • Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the M-MDS. (See CLEARING DTC [PCM (SKYACTIV-G 2.5 (WITH CYLINDER DEACTIVATION))] .) • Start the engine and warm it up completely. Caution <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • While performing this step, always operate the vehicle in a safe and lawful manner. • When the M-MDS is used to observe monitor system status while driving, be sure to have another technician with you, or record the data in the M-MDS using the PID/DATA MONITOR AND RECORD capturing function and inspect later. • Drive the vehicle under the snapshot data condition. • Perform the Pending Trouble Code Access Procedure. (See ON-BOARD DIAGNOSTIC TEST [PCM (SKYACTIV-G 2.5 (WITH CYLINDER DEACTIVATION))] .) • Is the PENDING CODE for this DTC present?	Yes	Repeat the inspection from Step 1. • If the malfunction recurs, replace the PCM. (See PCM REMOVAL/INSTALLATION [SKYACTIV-G 2.5 (WITH CYLINDER DEACTIVATION)] .) Go to the next step.
		No	Go to the next step.
16	VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE • Perform the "AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE". (See AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE [PCM (SKYACTIV-G 2.5 (WITH CYLINDER DEACTIVATION))] .) • Are any DTCs present?	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See DTC TABLE [PCM (SKYACTIV-G 2.5 (WITH CYLINDER DEACTIVATION))] .)
		No	DTC troubleshooting completed.

• Step 2–3

— Verify that primary malfunction is resolved and there are no other malfunctions.

STEP	INSPECTION	RESULTS	ACTION
1	PURPOSE: DETERMINE INTEGRITY OF BATTERY <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Inspect the battery. (See BATTERY INSPECTION.) Is there any malfunction? 	Yes	Replace the battery, then go to the next step. (See BATTERY REMOVAL/INSTALLATION [SKYACTIV-G 2.5 (WITH CYLINDER DEACTIVATION)] .)
		No	Go to the next step.
2	PURPOSE: VERIFICATION OF VEHICLE REPAIR COMPLETION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Always reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the M-MDS. (See CLEARING DTC [PCM (SKYACTIV-G 2.5 (WITH CYLINDER DEACTIVATION))].) Implement the repeatability verification procedure. (See Repeatability Verification Procedure.) Perform the Pending Trouble Code Access Procedure. (See ON-BOARD DIAGNOSTIC TEST [PCM (SKYACTIV-G 2.5 (WITH CYLINDER DEACTIVATION))].) Is the PENDING CODE for this DTC present? 	Yes	Repeat the inspection from Step 1. • If the malfunction recurs, replace the PCM. (See PCM REMOVAL/INSTALLATION [SKYACTIV-G 2.5 (WITH CYLINDER DEACTIVATION)] .) Go to the next step.
		No	Go to the next step.
3	PURPOSE: VERIFY IF THERE IS ANY OTHER MALFUNCTION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Is any other DTC or pending code stored? 	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See DTC TABLE [PCM (SKYACTIV-G 2.5 (WITH CYLINDER DEACTIVATION))] .)
		No	DTC troubleshooting completed.

Step	Inspection	Results	Action
6	VERIFY THAT VEHICLE IS REPAIRED <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Install/connect the part removed/disconnected during the troubleshooting procedure. • Clear the DTC recorded in the memory. (See CLEARING DTC [PCM (SKYACTIV-G 2.5 (WITH CYLINDER DEACTIVATION))].) • Replicate the vehicle conditions at the time the DTC was detected using the following procedure. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Set the A/C temperature control to MAX COLD. — Turn the A/C switch on to operate the air conditioner. — Verify that cold air is flowing from the air vent. • Perform the DTC inspection for the PCM. (See ON-BOARD DIAGNOSTIC TEST [PCM (SKYACTIV-G 2.5 (WITH CYLINDER DEACTIVATION))].) • Is the same Pending DTC present? 	Yes	Repeat the inspection from Step 1. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If the malfunction recurs, replace the PCM. (See PCM REMOVAL/INSTALLATION [SKYACTIV-G 2.5 (WITH CYLINDER DEACTIVATION)].) Go to the next step.
		No	Go to the next step.
7	VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Perform the "AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE". (See AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE [PCM (SKYACTIV-G 2.5 (WITH CYLINDER DEACTIVATION))].) • Are any DTCs present? 	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See DTC TABLE [PCM (SKYACTIV-G 2.5 (WITH CYLINDER DEACTIVATION))] .)
		No	DTC troubleshooting completed.

Step	Inspection	Results	Action
1	RECORD VEHICLE STATUS WHEN DTC WAS DETECTED TO UTILIZE WITH REPEATABILITY VERIFICATION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Record the freeze frame data/snapshot data. <p>Note</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recording can be facilitated using the screen capture function of the PC. 	–	Go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION OR SERVICE INFORMATION AVAILABILITY <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Verify related Service Bulletins, on-line repair information, or Service Information availability. Is any related Information available? 	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available information. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
		No	Go to the next step.
3	INSPECT A/C RELAY FOR MALFUNCTION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Inspect the A/C relay. (See RELAY INSPECTION.) Is there any malfunction? 	Yes	Replace the A/C relay, then go to Step 9. (See RELAY LOCATION .)
		No	Go to the next step.
4	INSPECT FBCM CONNECTOR FOR MALFUNCTION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Disconnect the FBCM connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	Yes	Repair or replace the connector and/or terminals, then go to Step 9.
		No	Go to the next step.
5	INSPECT A/C RELAY POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO GROUND <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Verify that A/C relay is removed. Verify that the FBCM connector is disconnected. Inspect for continuity between A/C relay terminal A (wiring harness-side) and body ground. Is there continuity? 	Yes	Refer to the wiring diagram and verify whether or not there is a common connector between A/C relay terminal A and FBCM terminal 1C. If there is a common connector: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Determine the malfunctioning part by inspecting the common connector and the terminal for corrosion, damage, or pin disconnection, and the common wiring harness for a short to ground. Repair or replace the malfunctioning part. If there is no common connector: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Repair or replace the wiring harness which has a short to ground. Go to Step 9.
		No	Go to the next step.
6	INSPECT A/C RELAY POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT FOR OPEN CIRCUIT <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Verify that A/C relay is removed. Verify that the FBCM connector is disconnected. Inspect for continuity between A/C relay terminal A (wiring harness-side) and FBCM terminal 1C (wiring harness-side). Is there continuity? 	Yes	Go to the next step.
		No	Refer to the wiring diagram and verify whether or not there is a common connector between A/C relay terminal A and FBCM terminal 1C. If there is a common connector: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Determine the malfunctioning part by inspecting the common connector and the terminal for corrosion, damage, or pin disconnection, and the common wiring harness for an open circuit. Repair or replace the malfunctioning part. If there is no common connector: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Repair or replace the wiring harness which has an open circuit. Go to Step 9.
7	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR FOR MALFUNCTION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Disconnect the PCM connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	Yes	Repair or replace the connector and/or terminals, then go to Step 9.
		No	Go to the next step.

DESCRIPTION	<p>Electric variable valve timing control system:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • P0011:00: Over-advanced • P0012:00: Over-retarded
POSSIBLE CAUSE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Electric variable valve timing motor/driver connectors or terminals malfunction • Short to ground or open circuit in electric variable valve timing relay power supply circuit <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Short to ground in wiring harness between MAIN 200 A fuse and electric variable valve timing relay terminal D — MAIN 200 A fuse and/or EVVT 20 A fuse malfunction — Open circuit in wiring harness between battery positive terminal and electric variable valve timing relay terminal D • Short to ground in wiring harness between electric variable valve timing relay terminal C and electric variable valve timing motor/driver terminal 2B • Open circuit in wiring harness between electric variable valve timing relay terminal C and electric variable valve timing motor/driver terminal 2B • PCM connector or terminals malfunction • Electric variable valve timing relay malfunction • Electric variable valve timing motor malfunction • Electric variable valve timing actuator malfunction <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Electric variable valve timing actuator is stuck in advanced position — Electric variable valve timing actuator is stuck in retarded position • Timing chain malfunction <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Poor assembly of timing chain — Looseness or jumping • Mis-detection of intake CMP sensor • Mis-detection of CKP sensor • PCM malfunction

System Wiring Diagram