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1991 MAZDA RX-7 (FC) OEM Service and Repair Workshop Manual

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STEP	INSPECTION	RESULTS	ACTION
3	INSPECT DEF PUMP CONNECTOR CONDITION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Switch the ignition off. • Disconnect the DEF pump connector. • Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/pulled-out pins, corrosion). • Is there any malfunction? 	Yes	Repair or replace the connector and/or terminals, then go to Step 8.
		No	Go to the next step.
4	INSPECT DOSING CONTROL UNIT CONNECTOR CONDITION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Disconnect the dosing control unit connector. • Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/pulled-out pins, corrosion). • Is there any malfunction? 	Yes	Repair or replace the connector and/or terminals, then go to Step 8.
		No	Go to the next step.
5	INSPECT DEF PUMP CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO GROUND <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Verify that the DEF pump and dosing control unit connectors are disconnected. • Inspect for continuity between the following terminals (wiring harness-side) and body ground: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — DEF pump terminal A — DEF pump terminal B — DEF pump terminal C — DEF pump terminal D • Is there continuity? 	Yes	Refer to the wiring diagram and verify whether or not there is a common connector between the following terminals: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DEF pump terminal A–Dosing control unit terminal Y • DEF pump terminal B–Dosing control unit terminal CN • DEF pump terminal C–Dosing control unit terminal I • DEF pump terminal D–Dosing control unit terminal H If there is a common connector: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Determine the malfunctioning part by inspecting the common connector and the terminal for corrosion, damage, or pin disconnection, and the common wiring harness for a short to ground. • Repair or replace the malfunctioning part. If there is no common connector: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Repair or replace the wiring harness which has a short to ground. Go to Step 8.
		No	Go to the next step.
		Yes	Go to the next step.
6	INSPECT DEF PUMP CIRCUIT FOR OPEN CIRCUIT <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Verify that the DEF pump and dosing control unit connectors are disconnected. • Inspect for continuity between the following terminals (wiring harness-side): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — DEF pump terminal A–Dosing control unit terminal Y — DEF pump terminal B–Dosing control unit terminal CN — DEF pump terminal C–Dosing control unit terminal I — DEF pump terminal D–Dosing control unit terminal H • Is there continuity? 	No	Refer to the wiring diagram and verify whether or not there is a common connector between the following terminals: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DEF pump terminal A–Dosing control unit terminal Y • DEF pump terminal B–Dosing control unit terminal CN • DEF pump terminal C–Dosing control unit terminal I • DEF pump terminal D–Dosing control unit terminal H If there is a common connector: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Determine the malfunctioning part by inspecting the common connector and the terminal for corrosion, damage, or pin disconnection, and the common wiring harness for a short to ground. • Repair or replace the malfunctioning part. If there is no common connector: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Repair or replace the wiring harness which has a short to ground. Go to Step 8.
		Yes	Go to the next step.
7	INSPECT DEF PUMP <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Inspect the DEF pump. (See DEF PUMP INSPECTION [SKYACTIV-D 2.2].) • Is there any malfunction? 	Yes	Replace the DEF pump, then go to Step 8. (See DEF PUMP REMOVAL/INSTALLATION [SKYACTIV-D 2.2].)
		No	Go to the next step.



STEP	INSPECTION	RESULTS	ACTION
1	<p>RECORD VEHICLE STATUS AT TIME OF DTC DETECTION TO UTILIZE WITH REPEATABILITY VERIFICATION</p> <p>Note</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Recording can be facilitated using the screen capture function of the PC. • Record the snapshot data on the repair order. 	–	Go to the next step.
2	<p>VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Verify related Service Bulletins and/or on-line repair information availability. • Is any related repair information available? 	Yes	<p>Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available repair information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
		No	Go to the next step.

DTC P20BB:00 [DOSING CONTROL UNIT (SKYACTIV-D 2.2)]

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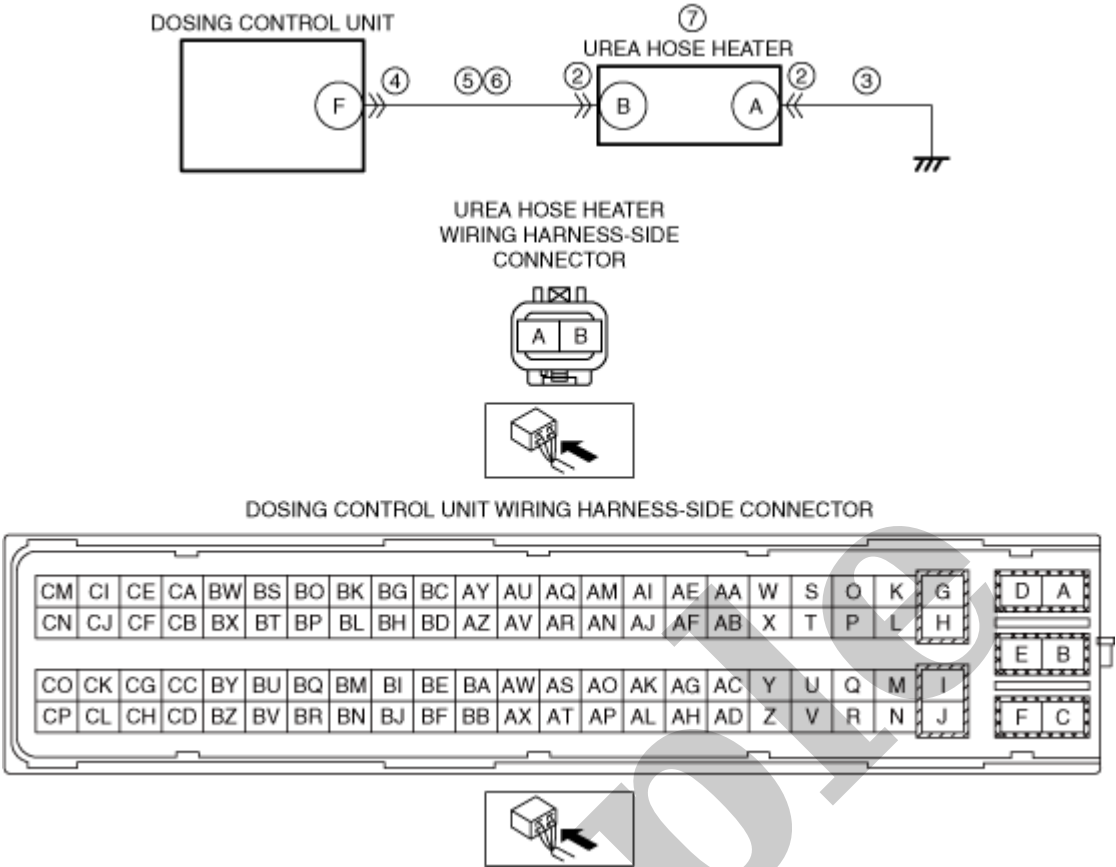
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DTC P20BB:00	Urea tank heater circuit low input
DETECTION CONDITION	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• If any of the following conditions is met under condition A or condition B: <p>Condition A:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• The dosing control unit detects that the voltage of the urea tank heater control circuit is 0–0.35 V for 2 s. <p>MONITORING CONDITIONS</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">— Ignition switched ON— Urea tank heater is activated.— Battery voltage: 10.9–16 V <p>Condition B:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• The dosing control unit detects that the voltage of the urea tank heater control circuit is exceeds 3.29 V for 2 s. <p>MONITORING CONDITIONS</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">— Ignition switched ON— Urea tank heater is activated.— Battery voltage: 10.9–16 V <p>Note</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• DTC P2BAF:00 is also stored in the PCM and the vehicle speed is restricted.• DTC P1640:00 is also stored in the PCM. <p>Diagnostic support note</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• This is a continuous monitor (CCM).• The check engine light illuminates if the dosing control unit detects the above malfunction condition during the first drive cycle.• FREEZE FRAME DATA/Snapshot data is available.• DTC is stored in the dosing control unit memory.
FAIL-SAFE FUNCTION	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Restricts the maximum remaining distance to empty.• Limits the upper limit of the engine speed.
POSSIBLE CAUSE	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Urea level sensor/urea temperature sensor/urea tank heater connector or terminals malfunction• Dosing control unit connector or terminals malfunction• Short to ground in wiring harness between the following terminals:<ul style="list-style-type: none">— Urea tank heater terminal D–Dosing control unit terminal D• Open circuit in wiring harness between the following terminals:<ul style="list-style-type: none">— Urea tank heater terminal E–Body ground— Urea tank heater terminal D–Dosing control unit terminal D• Urea level sensor malfunction• Dosing control unit malfunction

STEP	INSPECTION	RESULTS	ACTION
7	INSPECT UREA TANK HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN CIRCUIT <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Verify that the urea level sensor/urea temperature sensor/urea tank heater and dosing control unit connectors are disconnected. • Inspect for continuity between urea level sensor/urea temperature sensor/urea tank heater terminal D (wiring harness-side) and dosing control unit terminal D (wiring harness-side). • Is there continuity? 	Yes	Go to the next step.
		No	Refer to the wiring diagram and verify whether or not there is a common connector between urea level sensor/urea temperature sensor/urea tank heater terminal D and dosing control unit terminal D. If there is a common connector: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Determine the malfunctioning part by inspecting the common connector and the terminal for corrosion, damage, or pin disconnection, and the common wiring harness for an open circuit. • Repair or replace the malfunctioning part. If there is no common connector: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Repair or replace the wiring harness which has an open circuit. Go to Step 9.
8	INSPECT UREA TANK HEATER <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Inspect the urea tank heater. (See UREA TANK HEATER INSPECTION [SKYACTIV-D 2.2].) • Is there any malfunction? 	Yes	Replace the DEF pump, then go to the next step. (See DEF PUMP REMOVAL/INSTALLATION [SKYACTIV-D 2.2].)
		No	Go to the next step.
9	VERIFY DTC TROUBLESHOOTING COMPLETED <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Always reconnect all disconnected connectors. • Clear the DTC from the dosing control unit memory using the M-MDS. (See CLEARING DTC [DOSING CONTROL UNIT (SKYACTIV-D 2.2)].) • Display the simulation function item HTR_TANK and operate the urea tank heater for 60 s using the M-MDS. • Leave for 1 min while idling. • Retrieve the dosing control unit DTCs using the M-MDS. (See ON-BOARD DIAGNOSTIC TEST [DOSING CONTROL UNIT (SKYACTIV-D 2.2)].) • Is the same Pending DTC present? 	Yes	Repeat the inspection from Step 1. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If the malfunction recurs, replace the dosing control unit. (See DOSING CONTROL UNIT REMOVAL/INSTALLATION [SKYACTIV-D 2.2].) Go to the next step.
		No	Go to the next step.
10	VERIFY IF OTHER DTCs DISPLAYED <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Are any other DTCs displayed? 	Yes	Repair or replace the malfunctioning part according to the applicable DTC troubleshooting. (See DTC TABLE [DOSING CONTROL UNIT (SKYACTIV-D 2.2)].)
		No	DTC troubleshooting completed.

STEP	INSPECTION	RESULTS	ACTION
3	INSPECT UREA LEVEL SENSOR/UREA TEMPERATURE SENSOR/UREA TANK HEATER CONNECTOR CONDITION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Switch the ignition off. • Disconnect the urea level sensor/urea temperature sensor/urea tank heater connector. • Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/pulled-out pins, corrosion). • Is there any malfunction? 	Yes	Repair or replace the connector and/or terminals, then go to Step 7.
		No	Go to the next step.
4	INSPECT DOSING CONTROL UNIT CONNECTOR CONDITION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Disconnect the dosing control unit connector. • Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/pulled-out pins, corrosion). • Is there any malfunction? 	Yes	Repair or replace the connector and/or terminals, then go to Step 7.
		No	Go to the next step.
5	INSPECT UREA TANK HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO POWER SUPPLY <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Verify that the urea level sensor/urea temperature sensor/urea tank heater and dosing control unit connectors are disconnected. • Switch the ignition ON (engine off). • Measure the voltage at the urea level sensor/urea temperature sensor/urea tank heater terminal D (wiring harness-side). • Is the voltage 0 V? 	Yes	Refer to the wiring diagram and verify whether or not there is a common connector between urea level sensor/urea temperature sensor/urea tank heater terminal D and dosing control unit terminal D. If there is a common connector: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Determine the malfunctioning part by inspecting the common connector and the terminal for corrosion, damage, or pin disconnection, and the common wiring harness for a short to power supply. • Repair or replace the malfunctioning part. If there is no common connector: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Repair or replace the wiring harness which has a short to power supply. Go to Step 7.
		No	Go to the next step.
6	INSPECT UREA TANK HEATER <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Inspect the urea tank heater. (See UREA TANK HEATER INSPECTION [SKYACTIV-D 2.2].) • Is there any malfunction? 	Yes	Replace the DEF pump, then go to the next step. (See UREA TANK REMOVAL/INSTALLATION [SKYACTIV-D 2.2].)
		No	Go to the next step.
7	VERIFY DTC TROUBLESHOOTING COMPLETED <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Always reconnect all disconnected connectors. • Clear the DTC from the dosing control unit memory using the M-MDS. (See CLEARING DTC [DOSING CONTROL UNIT (SKYACTIV-D 2.2)].) • Leave for 1 min while idling. • Display the DTCs using the M-MDS. (See CLEARING DTC [DOSING CONTROL UNIT (SKYACTIV-D 2.2)].) • Retrieve the dosing control unit DTCs using the M-MDS. (See ON-BOARD DIAGNOSTIC TEST [DOSING CONTROL UNIT (SKYACTIV-D 2.2)].) • Is the same Pending DTC present? 	Yes	Repeat the inspection from Step 1. • If the malfunction recurs, replace the dosing control unit. (See DOSING CONTROL UNIT REMOVAL/INSTALLATION [SKYACTIV-D 2.2].) Go to the next step.
		No	Go to the next step.
8	VERIFY IF OTHER DTCs DISPLAYED <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Are any other DTCs displayed? 	Yes	Repair or replace the malfunctioning part according to the applicable DTC troubleshooting. (See DTC TABLE [DOSING CONTROL UNIT (SKYACTIV-D 2.2)].)
		No	DTC troubleshooting completed.

STEP	INSPECTION	RESULTS	ACTION
4	INSPECT DOSING CONTROL UNIT CONNECTOR CONDITION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Disconnect the dosing control unit connector. • Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/pulled-out pins, corrosion). • Is there any malfunction? 	Yes	Repair or replace the connector and/or terminals, then go to Step 8.
		No	Go to the next step.
5	INSPECT UREA HOSE HEATER CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO GROUND <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Verify that the urea hose heater and dosing control unit connectors are disconnected. • Inspect for continuity between urea hose heater terminal B (wiring harness-side) and body ground. • Is there continuity? 	Yes	Refer to the wiring diagram and verify whether or not there is a common connector between urea hose heater terminal B and dosing control unit terminal F. If there is a common connector: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Determine the malfunctioning part by inspecting the common connector and the terminal for corrosion, damage, or pin disconnection, and the common wiring harness for a short to ground. • Repair or replace the malfunctioning part. If there is no common connector: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Repair or replace the wiring harness which has a short to ground. Go to Step 8.
		No	Go to the next step.
6	INSPECT UREA HOSE HEATER CIRCUIT FOR OPEN CIRCUIT <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Verify that the urea hose heater and dosing control unit connectors are disconnected. • Switch the ignition off. • Inspect for continuity between the following terminals (wiring harness-side): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Urea hose heater terminal B–dosing control unit terminal F — Urea hose heater terminal A–body ground • Is there continuity? 	Yes	Go to the next step.
		No	Refer to the wiring diagram and verify whether or not there is a common connector between the following terminals: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Urea hose heater terminal B–dosing control unit terminal F • Urea hose heater terminal A–body ground If there is a common connector: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Determine the malfunctioning part by inspecting the common connector and the terminal for corrosion, damage, or pin disconnection, and the common wiring harness for an open circuit. • Repair or replace the malfunctioning part. If there is no common connector: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Repair or replace the wiring harness which has an open circuit. Go to Step 8.
7	INSPECT UREA HOSE HEATER <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Inspect the urea hose heater. (See UREA HOSE HEATER INSPECTION [SKYACTIV-D 2.2].) • Is there any malfunction? 	Yes	Replace the urea hose heater, then go to the next step. (See EMISSION SYSTEM LOCATION INDEX [SKYACTIV-D 2.2].)
		No	Go to the next step.
8	VERIFY DTC TROUBLESHOOTING COMPLETED <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Always reconnect all disconnected connectors. • Clear the DTC from the dosing control unit memory using the M-MDS. (See CLEARING DTC [DOSING CONTROL UNIT (SKYACTIV-D 2.2)].) • Start the engine and leave it idling for 1 min. • Retrieve the dosing control unit DTCs using the M-MDS. (See ON-BOARD DIAGNOSTIC TEST [DOSING CONTROL UNIT (SKYACTIV-D 2.2)].) • Is the same Pending DTC present? 	Yes	Repeat the inspection from Step 1. • If the malfunction recurs, replace the dosing control unit. (See DOSING CONTROL UNIT REMOVAL/INSTALLATION [SKYACTIV-D 2.2].) Go to the next step.
		No	Go to the next step.
9	VERIFY IF OTHER DTCs DISPLAYED <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Are any other DTCs displayed? 	Yes	Repair or replace the malfunctioning part according to the applicable DTC troubleshooting. (See DTC TABLE [DOSING CONTROL UNIT (SKYACTIV-D 2.2)].)
		No	DTC troubleshooting completed.

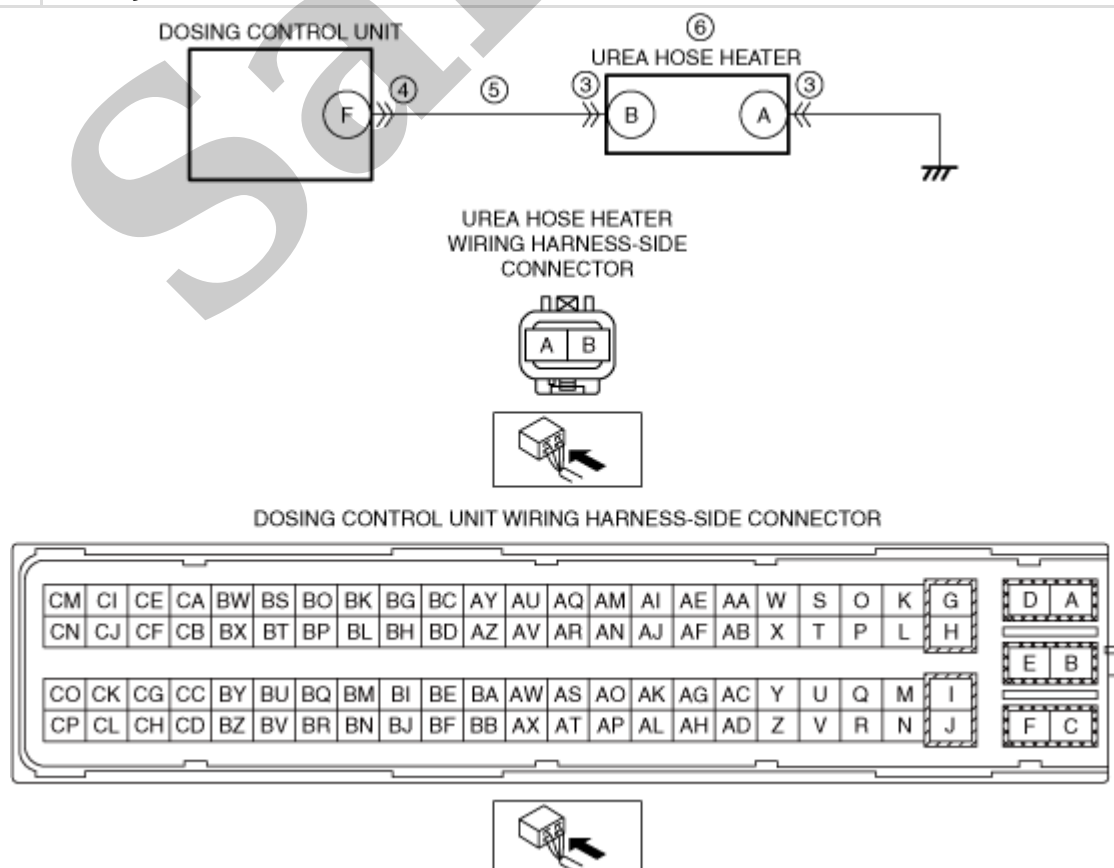


Diagnostic Procedure

STEP	INSPECTION	RESULTS	ACTION
1	VERIFY RELATED REPAIR INFORMATION AVAILABILITY <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Verify related Service Bulletins and/or on-line repair information availability.• Is any related repair information available?	Yes	Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available repair information. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
		No	Go to the next step.
2	INSPECT UREA HOSE HEATER CONNECTOR CONDITION <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Switch the ignition off.• Disconnect the urea hose heater connector.• Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/pulled-out pins, corrosion).• Is there any malfunction?	Yes	Repair or replace the connector and/or terminals, then go to Step 8.
		No	Go to the next step.

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DTC P20C0:00	Urea hose heater circuit high input
DETECTION CONDITION	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • With all of the following conditions met, the urea hose heater voltage is not within 1.65 to 1.94 V for a continuous 2 s. <p>MONITORING CONDITIONS</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Ignition switched ON (engine off or on) — Battery voltage: 10.9–16 V <p>Note</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DTC P2BAF:00 is also stored in the PCM and the vehicle speed is restricted. • DTC P1640:00 is also stored in the PCM. <p>Diagnostic support note</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • This is a continuous monitor (CCM). • The check engine light illuminates if the dosing control unit detects the above malfunction condition during the first drive cycle. • FREEZE FRAME DATA/Snapshot data is available. • DTC is stored in the dosing control unit memory.
FAIL-SAFE FUNCTION	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Restricts the maximum remaining distance to empty. • Limits the upper limit of the engine speed.
POSSIBLE CAUSE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Urea level sensor/urea temperature sensor/urea tank heater connector or terminals malfunction • Dosing control unit connector or terminals malfunction • Short to power in wiring harness between urea hose heater terminal B and dosing control unit terminal F • Urea level sensor malfunction • Dosing control unit malfunction



DTC P20EA:00 [DOSING CONTROL UNIT (SKYACTIV-D 2.2)]

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DTC P20EA:00	Selected catalytic relay No.1 malfunction
DETECTION CONDITION	<ul style="list-style-type: none">With the following conditions met, the dosing control unit detects that there is no selected catalytic relay No.1 open signal 3 times or more. MONITORING CONDITIONS <ul style="list-style-type: none">Ignition switched ON (engine on)Battery voltage: 10.9–16 V <p>Note</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">DTC P1640:00 is also stored in the PCM. Diagnostic support note <ul style="list-style-type: none">This is a continuous monitor (CCM).The check engine light illuminates if the dosing control unit detects the above malfunction condition during the first drive cycle.FREEZE FRAME DATA/Snapshot data is available.DTC is stored in the dosing control unit memory.
FAIL-SAFE FUNCTION	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Not applicable
POSSIBLE CAUSE	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Selected catalytic relay No.1 malfunctionDosing control unit connector or terminals malfunctionShort to ground or open circuit in selected catalytic relay No.1 power supply circuit<ul style="list-style-type: none">Short to ground in wiring harness between MAIN 200 A fuse and selected catalytic relay No.1 terminal AMAIN 200 A fuse and/or SCR1 20 A fuse malfunctionOpen circuit in wiring harness between battery positive terminal and selected catalytic relay No.1 terminal AShort to ground in wiring harness between the following terminals:<ul style="list-style-type: none">Selected catalytic relay No.1 terminal E–dosing control unit terminal BVSelected catalytic relay No.1 terminal C–dosing control unit terminal BSelected catalytic relay No.1 terminal C–dosing control unit terminal COpen circuit in wiring harness between the following terminals:<ul style="list-style-type: none">Selected catalytic relay No.1 terminal E–dosing control unit terminal BVSelected catalytic relay No.1 terminal C–dosing control unit terminal BSelected catalytic relay No.1 terminal C–dosing control unit terminal CDosing control unit malfunction